BOW VALLEY HOCKEY SOCIETY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MAY 31, 2023

BOW VALLEY HOCKEY SOCIETY

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of Bow Valley Hockey Society

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Bow Valley Hockey Society (the "Society"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at May 31, 2023, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at May 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations ("ASNPO").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Society in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

Other Matter

The financial statements for May 31, 2022 were prepared by another auditor, who gave an unqualified opinion on May 25, 2023.

CALGARY, ALBERTA FEBRUARY 26, 2024 CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Baker Tilly Catalyst LLP

BOW VALLEY HOCKEY SOCIETY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION MAY 31, 2023

		2023	2022
	Assets		
Current Cash Restricted cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		\$ 645,281 \$ 6,067 - -	472,353 5,900 495 50
		651,348	478,798
Capital assets		-	2,009
		\$ 651,348 \$	480,807
	Liabilities and net assets		
Current Accounts payable and Deferred revenue (No		\$ 102,277 \$ 183,543	50,030 161,387
		285,820	211,417
Net assets		 365,528	269,390
		\$ 651,348 \$	480,807

Commitments (Note 4)

Approved on behalf of the Board

BOW VALLEY HOCKEY SOCIETY STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2023

		2023	2022
Revenues			
Registrations	\$	1,357,761 \$	1,173,691
Academy revenue	·	429,698	349,399
Tournament revenue		93,000	54,575
Casino revenue		73,538	-
Volunteer bond		36,500	36,800
Donations and other revenue		4,578	9,325
Raffle sales		581	4,633
		1,995,656	1,628,423
Expenses			
Ice rental		825,782	770,134
Other hockey expenses		242,976	182,426
Contracted services		190,961	174,292
Player evaluations		186,606	144,079
Hockey fees		146,842	128,144
Hockey socks and on-ice supplies		145,183	69,197
Tournament expenses		72,140	52,367
Office		56,477	44,361
Coach training		9,075	9,194
Advertising and promotion		7,988	1,984
Professional fees		7,913	8,663
Insurance		5,566	5,285
Amortization of capital assets		-	1,122
		1,897,509	1,591,248
Excess of revenues over expenses from operations		98,147	37,175
Other expenses			
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(2,009)	-
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year		96,138	37,175
Net assets, beginning of year		269,390	232,215
Net assets, end of year	\$	365,528 \$	269,390

BOW VALLEY HOCKEY SOCIETY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2023

	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities		
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year	\$ 96,138 \$	37,175
Adjustments for		
Amortization of capital assets	-	1,122
Loss on disposal of capital assets	2,009	-
	98,147	38,297
Change in non-cash working capital items		
Accounts receivable	495	(495)
Prepaid expenses	50	71,243
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	52,247	45,266
Deferred revenue	22,156	30,195
Increase in cash	173,095	184,506
Cash, beginning of year	478,253	293,747
Cash, end of year	\$ 651,348 \$	478,253
Represented by:		
Cash	\$ 645,281 \$	472,353
Restricted cash	6,067	5,900
	\$ 651,348 \$	478,253

1. Nature of operations

Bow Valley Hockey Society (the "Society") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated provincially under the Societies Act of Alberta. The Society is exempt from the payment of income tax under Section 149(1) of the Income Tax Act.

The Society is dedicated to promoting and governing the sport of minor hockey within the boundaries of the Bow Valley jurisdiction.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are detailed as follows:

(a) Cash

Cash is defined as cash on hand and cash on deposit, net of cheques issued and outstanding at the report date.

(b) Financial instruments

The Association initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. It subsequently measures financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets include cash. Financial liabilities include accounts payables and accrued liabilities.

The Association has not designated any financial asset or financial liability to be measured at fair value.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment.

(c) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue consists of restricted amounts received from gaming income and not yet spent prior to the end of the period, as well as amounts received in advance for registrations related to the next season.

2. Significant accounting policies, continued

(d) Revenue recognition

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estiamted and collection is reasonably assured. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Registration fees are recognized in the year to which they relate.

(e) Contributed services

The operations of the organization depend on both the contribution of time by volunteers and donated materials from various sources. The fair value of donated materials and services cannot be reasonably determined and are therefore not reflected in these financial statements.

(f) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include: accrued liabilities.. Actual results may differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. **Deferred revenue**

Restricted accounts relate to casino and raffle funds received which have external restrictions based on AGLC requirements. Such revenues are recognized in the statement of operations and changes in net assets when the required expenditures are incurred.

Registrations represent amounts collected in advance for events that will take place subsequent to yearend.

		2023	2022
Deferred revenue - restricted accounts			
Casino	\$	3,069 \$	2,541
Raffle		2,998	3,360
		6,067	5,901
Deferred revenue - registrations			
Hockey school		177,476	142,458
Junior Flames - Fall		-	5,700
Pre-evaluation skate sessions		-	5,250
U15 checking clinic		-	2,079
	ф	400 E40	404.000
	\$	183,543 \$	161,388

4. Commitments

The Society occupies the leased premises subject to monthly rent of \$808 including GST until March 31, 2035.

5. **Comparative figures**

The financial statements have been reclassified, where applicable, to conform to the presentation used in the current year. The changes do not affect prior year earnings.

6. Financial instruments

The Society is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in financial instruments. The following provides helpful information in assessing the extent of the Society's exposure to these risks.

(a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Society will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Society is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and operating lease commitments.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Society is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed interest rate financial instruments. Fixed-rate financial instruments subject the Society to a fair value risk.

It is management's opinion that the Society is not exposed to significant other risks arising from its financial instruments.